Application No: 10/753 NA TRADITION OF THE Substitute Specification MARKED-UP dated January 3, 2006

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SKI SLED WITH BOOT BLOCKS AND
RIDER-OPERATED WEIGHT TRANSFER DEVICE FOR STEERING

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

[0001] The present application claims priority under 35 U.S.C. §119(e) to Provisional Application No. 60/439,024, filed January 10, 2003, the entire contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference.

**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION** 

Field of the Invention

[0002] The present invention relates to a ski sled with boot blocks and a rider-operated weight-transfer device for steering. The boot blocks are provided with fixed and/or variable angle adjustment devices for changing the angle of the ski bottoms with respect to the snow surface, and the toe-in angle of the skis with respect to each other. Further, the boot blocks are provided with lengthwise adjustment mechanisms so that the boot blocks may be attached to any standard ski binding used on any ski without modification or any special attachments to the bindings or the skis.

**Description of Background Art** 

[0003] A variety of snow sleds are available, some requiring the rider to be in a lying

down, prone position, while others are provided with a seat. Conventionally, in order for a

snow sled to be steerable, either of two mechanisms is used. In the first steering

mechanism, the sled has two runners fixed to a mid and rear portion the sled body. The

front end of these runners are not fixed to the sled body and can be flexed laterally with

respect to the direction of travel, thus enabling the sled to turn. In the second steering

mechanism, one or two runners are attached at the front of the sled body by means of a

pivot mechanism, thus allowing them to be turned laterally with respect to the direction of

travel. Two more runners are fixed to the sled body rearward of the front runner(s).

[0004] Each of the above steering mechanisms is complicated. Moreover, conventional

sleds do not emulate the experience of skiing.

SUMMARY AND OBJECT OF THE INVENTION

[0005] One object of the present invention is to solve the above-mentioned problems, by

providing a simple snow sled created with a seat with a weight transfer device for

steering. Another object of the present invention is to provide a simple device for

attaching the seat body to runners or skis, the attachment device being adjustable in a

longitudinal direction and pivotable about a longitudinal axis thereof.

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[0006] According to a first aspect of the present invention, two skis are arranged

side-by-side, the skis having forward tips arranged closer together than rear ends thereof,

and inward edges angled downwardly at least while the sled is turning; a seat is supported

by two legs, each of the legs being rotatably attached at a pivot point at a rear end of a

chair rail; adjustable blocks fit into ski bindings on the skis, the blocks having angle

adjustment devices mounted thereon for changing lateral pitches of the two skis, the chair

rails being attached to the angle adjustment devices and the angle adjustment devices

being attached to the blocks forward of the pivot points; and a weight transfer device

operable by a rider is provided for transferring a partial weight of the rider from one of the

two skis to the other, thus enabling the ski sled to turn.

[0007] With this novel invention, a user is able to use his existing skis, and by attaching a

seat thereto, is able to create another sporty snow vehicle. Further, the user is able to

change the pitch of the skis to accommodate different terrains.

[0008] According to a second aspect of the present invention, the weight transfer device

of the ski sled includes hand-levers mounted adjacent to each side of the seat; cables

extending from the hand-levers and being connected to the angle adjustment devices so

that when the hand lever on one side of the sled is pulled, the block on an opposite side of

the sled is articulated; right and left connecting members having lower ends attached to

forward portions of the chair rails, and upper ends attached to right and left sides of a

pivot member pivotably attached to the seat.

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[0009] With this novel aspect of the present invention, the user is able to steer the ski sled

by shifting the weight from one ski to another by pulling on either the right or the left

hand lever.

[0010] According to a third aspect of the present invention, the weight transfer mechanism

includes weight transfer device includes chair rail extensions extending forwardly from

the chair rails; foot pedals rotatably attached to the chair rail extensions for actuating

cables connected to the angle adjustment devices so that when the foot pedal on one side

of the sled is pushed, the block on the same side of the sled is articulated.

[0011] With this novel aspect of the present invention, the user is able to steer using foot

pedals.

[0012] According to a fourth aspect of the present invention, the boot blocks include a

forward section having a toe piece and a rear hole; a rear section having a heel piece and a

forward extension, the forward extension being inserted into the rear hole of the front

section, the forward section being provided with an adjuster screw mechanism for

adjusting a longitudinal position of the forward section relative to the rear section, so that

the adjustable blocks are capable of fitting multiple ski bindings of the skis; an adjustable

bracket attachable to the blocks in a plurality of different angles with respect to the

longitudinal direction of the blocks to accommodate different toe-in angles of skis to

which the blocks are mounted.

[0013] With this aspect of the invention, the boot blocks are usable with any standard ski

bindings, and provide for easy toe-in adjustment to accommodate riders of different

abilities.

[0014] Further scope of applicability of the present invention will become apparent from

the detailed description given hereinafter. However, it should be understood that the

detailed description and specific examples, while indicating preferred embodiments of the

invention, are given by way of illustration only, since various changes and modifications

within the spirit and scope of the invention will become apparent to those skilled in the art

from this detailed description.

**BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS** 

[0015] The present invention will become more fully understood from the detailed

description given hereinbelow and the accompanying drawings which are given by way of

illustration only, and thus are not limitative of the present invention, and wherein:

[0016] FIGS. 1(a)-(c) illustrate a first embodiment of the ski sled of the present invention

equipped with a hand-operated weight transfer device, in which FIG. 1(a) is a side view,

FIG. 41 (b) is a front view, and FIG 1(c) is a plan (top down) view;

[0017] FIGS. 2(a)-(c) illustrate a second embodiment of the ski sled of the present

invention equipped with foot-operated weight transfer device, in which FIG. 2(a) is a side

view, FIG. 2(b) is a front view, and FIG 2(c) FIG. 2(c) is a plan (top down) view;

[0018] FIGS. 3(a)-(b) show front and side views of a folding seat configuration of the present invention, and FIG. 3 (c) shows the seat being a go-cart seat;

[0019] FIG. 4 shows a third embodiment (aircraft yoke steering) of the weight transfer device;

[0020] FIGS. 5(a) and (b) show a fourth embodiment (handlebar steering) of the weight transfer device;

[0021] FIGS. 6(a) and (b) show a fourth embodiment (tractor steering) of the weight transfer device;

[0022] FIGS. 7(a) and (b) are side and top down views of the adjustable boot block with a mounting plate, FIG. 7(c) shows the detail of the adjuster mechanism of the adjustable boot block;

[0023] FIGS. 8(a), (b), and (c) are side, top down, and end views of the fixed bracket and the rotatable bracket included variable angle adjustment device of the present invention;

[0024] FIGS. 9(a) and (b) show side and top down views of the left chair rail attached to the left articulating boot block through a variable angle adjustment device equipped with an infinite angle pivot adjuster;

[0025] FIGS. 10(a), (b), and (c) show side, top down, and end views of the left chair rail attached to the left boot block through a fixed angle adjustment device equipped with multiple fixed angle blocks; and

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[0026] FIGS. 11 (a) and (b) show side and front views of a single boot block attached to a

mono-ski, with FIGS. 11 (c) and (d) showing detailed side and top down views of the foot

plate and braking mechanism of the single boot block; and

[0027] FIG 12 is a simplified front view sketch of a weight transfer operation in which

more weight is put on one ski while weight is taken away from the other ski.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0027][0028] The first embodiment will be described with reference to FIGS. 1(a)-(c).

FIG. 1(a) shows a side view of the ski sled 1, including left ski 10L with ski tip 10t and

ski tail 10T, seat 11, left leg 12L, left chair rail 14L, left leg 12L being rotatably

connected to the left chair rail 14L at pivot pointpin P, left adjustable boot block 13L,

hand-operated weight transfer device 20 connected to the seat at pivot pointpin L, and

left connecting member 23L.

[0028][0029] FIG. 1(b) is a front view of the seat 11 (shown is a bucket go-cart seat,

however as described below, other seat types a possible) and weight transfer device 20 of

the first embodiment of the present invention. The weight transfer device 20 includes

handle bar 21 equipped with hand levers 21 L, 21 R21L, 21R for articulating left and right

boot blocks 13L, 13R. In FIG. 1(b), the right boot block 13R is shown as being articulated

by pulling on hand lever 21 L21L, which is attached by cable 21 C21C to the variable

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angle adjustment device 5. Legs 12L, 12R and connecting members 23L, 23R are attached

to right and left chair rails 14L, 14R by releasable pins 6.

[0029][0030] FIG. 1(c) is a top down view of the first embodiment showing chair rails

14L, 14R parallel to each other and skis 10L, 10R toed inwardly. Details of the toe-in

mechanism will be provided below.

[0030][0031] As can be seen in FIGS. 1 (a) and 1(c), boot blocks 1311, 13R fit into a

standard ski bindings 9L, 9R. Boot blocks 13L, 13R are the same and may be used

interchangeably on either ski 10L, or 10R.

[0031][0032] Also, the seat 11 is inclined to the rear, and the rider's center of gravity is

located between legs 12L, 12R and connecting member 23L, 23R.

[0032][0033] The second embodiment will be described with reference to FIGS. 2(a)-(c).

FIG. 2(a) shows a side view of the ski sled 1, including left ski 10L, seat 11 (go-cart seat),

left leg 12L, left chair rail 14L, left adjustable boot block 13L, foot-operated weight

transfer device 8 which includes chair rail extensions 14E.

[0033][0034] FIG. 2(b) is a front view of the seat 11 (bucket go-cart seat) and weight

transfer device 8 of the second embodiment of the present invention. The weight transfer

device 8 includes cable activators (pedals) 8A, which are attached under left and right foot

pegs 8L, 8R mounted on forward ends of chair rail extensions, for pulling cable 8Cs

attached respectively to variable angle adjustment devices 5 for articulating left and right

boot blocks 13L, 13R. In FIG. 2(c), the left boot block 13L is shown as being articulated by pressing on left foot pedal (peg) 8L.

[0034][0035] FIG. 2(c) is a top down view of the second embodiment showing chair rails 14L, 14R parallel to each other and skis 10L, 10R toed inwardly.

[0035][0036] FIGS. 2(a) and (c) show straps 7L, 7R which are provided to prevent seat 11, which is attached to each of the chair rails 14L, 14R by pivot pins P, from falling over backwards. Unlike the first embodiment described above, the second embodiment does not have connecting member 23L, 23R. Instead, the seat is held upright when the rider's feet are placed on foot pedals (pegs) 8L, 8R.

[0036][0037] FIGS. 3(a)-(c) show various examples of the seat of the ski sled of the present invention, with FIGS. 3(a) and (b) being front and side views of a collapsible folding seat, FIG. 3(c) being a bucket go-cart seat.

[0037][0038] FIG. 4 shows a third embodiment of the weight transfer device (aircraft yoke steering) in which pivot member 30 is attached to a midpoint of the seat, and vertical steering handle 31 is attached by hinge 33 to the pivot member 30. The steering handle is moved to the left or right to apply downward pressure on either the left or right extending members 23L, 23R which are attached at upper ends to pivot member 30. The hinge 33 allows the steering handle 31 to be folded down (in a forward direction) when sitting or getting up from the seat 11. With the third embodiment, weight transfer from one ski to

the other is accomplished by pressure applied to connecting member 23L, 23R as shown in FIG. 12.

[0038][0039] FIGS. 5(a) and (b) show a fourth embodiment of the weight transfer device (handlebar steering with no brake levers) in which left and right hand grips 41-L, 41 R41L, 41R attached to pivot-member 42 member 30 can be grasped on ends thereof to apply a steering force through connecting members 23L, 23R which are fixed at upper ends thereof to pivot-member 42 member 30. The pivot member is suspended from a front portion of seat 11. With the fourth embodiment, weight transfer from one ski to the other is accomplished by pressure applied to connection members 23L or 23R as shown conceptually in FIG. 12.

[0039][0040] FIG. 6(a) and (b) shows front and side views of a fifth embodiment. In this embodiment, left and right tractor steering handles 60L, 60R are provided instead of the hand levers (embodiment 1), the foot pedals (embodiment 2), the yoke steering handle (embodiment 3), or the handle bar (embodiment 4). Tractor steering handles 60L, 60R attached to seat 11 by pins 61-L, 61-R-61L, 61R and are connected to pivot member 30 for shifting weight through connecting members 23L, 23R to either of the skis 10L, 10R.

[0040][0041] FIGS. 7(a) and (b) are side and top down views of the boot block 13 with a mounting plate 130 attached to the boot block 13 by screws. The designation F indicates the front of the boot blocks. FIG. 7(b) shows the detail of the lengthwise adjuster mechanism 132 inserted into a hole at the front end of each adjustable boot block 13 for

the purpose of adjusting the length of the boot blocks 13 to the bindings 9 of the skis, as

shown in FIGS. 1(a) and 2(a). Also shown in FIG 7(b) are forward section 13F of the boot

block 13 with toe piece 13T and rear hole 13H, rear section 13r, heal piece 13h, and

forward extension 13E.

[0041][0042] FIGS. 8(a), (b), and (c) show side, top down, and end views, respectively, of

the toe-in mechanism, including the fixed bracket 133, the rotatable bracket 134, and

fixing members 136 which firmly hold together the fixed bracket 133 and the rotatable

bracket 134. Chair rails 14 (shown in FIGS. 1(c) and 2(c)) are attached to inside faces 137

of rotatable brackets 134. As shown in FIG 8(b), position adjustment holes 135 are

provided on the fixed angle brackets 133 for adjusting the longitudinal angle of the fixed

angle brackets 133 with respect to the longitudinal direction the flat mounting plate 130

fixed to each boot block 13. By altering the longitudinal angle of the fixed angle brackets

133, the toe-in angle of the ski sled can be easily adjusted to accommodate riders having

different abilities, as well as for varying snow and ski slope conditions. Bolt attachments

are shown here, but other attachable/detachable mounting attachments are possible.

[0042][0043] FIGS. 9(a) and (b) show side and top down views of the left chair rail 14L

attached to the left articulating boot block 13 equipped with a variable angle adjustment

device 138 having an infinite angle pivot adjuster mechanism 139. The chair rail 14L is

attached to the boot block as can be seen in both FIGS. 9(a) and (b). Note in FIG. 9(b) that

the chair rail 14L is mounted at an angle relative to the boot block 13L, which means the

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left ski is toed-in. The toe-in angle is adjustable for riders of different abilities and for

different snow conditions.

[0043][0044] FIG. 9(b) shows cable 21C, 8C, which is operable by either the hand lever

21 R (shown in embodiment 1, FIG. 1(c)), or foot pedal (peg) 8L (shown in embodiment

2, FIG. 2(c)).

[0044][0045] FIGS. 10(a), (b), and (c) show side, top down, and end views of the left

chair rail attached to the left boot block through a fixed angle adjustment device 140

equipped with multiple fixed angle blocks 141, 142, 143. Blocks 141, 142, 143 may be

substituted on the boot blocks to accommodate riders having different abilities as well as

for different snow and slope conditions.

[0045][0046] Other elements described above are not repeated here.

[0046][0047] FIGS. 11 (a) and (b) show side and front views of a single boot block

attached to a mono-ski, with FIGS. 11 (c) and (d) showing detailed side and top down

views of the foot plate and "run away ski" braking mechanism of the single boot block.

[0047][0048] Applications for the ski sled of the present are many.

[0048][0049] For handicapped skiers, the invention provides a sled with a comfortable

seat that is easy to sit in and stand up from. The sled is suitable for either ski slopes rated

as "green" or "mild blue". Further, the sled can be easily adapted to a rope tow or a J-bar

lift. In addition, the sled is practical to use on back yard hills.

[0049][0050] For beginning and handicapped skiers, the sled provides an excellent way

for inexperienced skiers to experience the feeling and mechanics of skiing around a

mountain, giving the rider a true taste of the skiing experience.

[0050][0051] For expert skiers, the fold up version provides the mobility to ski downhill

on "black diamond" slopes, with the sled being carried on the skier's back. When a

"green" or "blue" slope is approached, the skier can snap the seat onto the skis, sit back

and relax as the ski sled glides downward. The foldable seat version is particularly suited

to back country skiers.

[0051][0052] A wide stance, foot steer version of the present invention with a seat belt

could even be used with a wind-powered traction kite, giving the user holding the traction

kite the run of the country side when it snows.

[0052][0053] Operation of the ski sled is simple. The skis are set in a ski stance, with the

inner edges bearing and distributing the weight at proper places on the skis. For the first

embodiment of the present invention, to turn left, pull on the right hand lever on the end

of the handle bar. To turn right, pull on the left hand lever on the handle bar. The other

embodiments operate is a similar manner.

[0053][0054] Production of the ski sled can be made simple by merely using a few

lightweight, molded plastic, metal or composite parts, assorted bars and handles, fasteners

for connecting the parts devices, an instruction sheet, and a traveling bag.

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[0054][0055] Numerous variations to the above-described embodiments are to be

considered within the scope of this invention. For example, a prone platform may be

substituted for a seat. Various types of skis may be used including cross-country skis,

mountaineering skis, and downhill skis of many styles. The sled may be adapted with a

hand or foot operated braking mechanism to cause a dragging force in the snow. Various

attachment mechanisms are possible, such as quick-release fastening devices, screws and

other adjustment mechanisms, and hydraulic activators. Gas shock absorbers or springs

may be included in the legs and or the connecting members. A heavy-duty version of the

ski sled may include an extruded aluminum swing arm, bucket seat, with a fully

articulated suspension and harness.

[0055][0056] A motor sled is possible using a small horsepower motor and a tank track or

tread device for applying power to the snow.

[0056] [0057] These and other variations are not to be regarded as a departure from the

spirit and scope of the invention, and all such modifications as would be obvious to one

skilled in the art are intended to be included within the scope of the following claims.